

NEW CONSTITUTION.

CHANGES MADE BY THE STATE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The Election of County Chairman.—Filling of the Pledges of Candidates.—Time of the Meeting of the Clubs and Holding the Primaries.

At the State Convention several important changes were made in the Constitution of the party, and as this is to be a campaign year of intense interest the changes are given in full, the additions to the old Constitution appearing enclosed in parentheses.

Article I. There shall be one or more Democratic clubs organized in each county or ward, each of which clubs shall have a distinct title. "The Democratic Club" and shall elect a president, one or more vice presidents, a recording and a corresponding secretary and a treasurer, and shall have the following working committees, of not less than three members each, viz: A committee on registration, an executive committee, and such other committees as to each club may seem expedient.

Article II. The meetings of the club should be frequent after the opening of the canvass, and some member of the club or invited speaker deliver an address at each meeting, if practicable. (The clubs shall meet on the fourth Saturday in April and the county convention on the first Monday in May, respectively, of each election year. Provided, That the county executive committee may name any other day, within the same week for such club meeting by giving at least two weeks notice by advertisement in county papers. Each county shall be entitled to double the number of delegates in the State convention as it has members in the General Assembly.)

Article III. The president or five members shall have power to call an extra meeting of the club (and at such extra meetings) and one-fourth of the members shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

Article IV. The clubs in each county shall be held together and operate under the control of a county executive committee, which shall consist of one member from each club, to be elected by the respective clubs. The executive committee when elected shall appoint its own officers (except the chairman, who shall be elected by the county convention, who shall not necessarily be members of said committee; but a vacancy in the membership of the committee shall be filled by the club, through the loss of whose member by death, resignation or otherwise the vacancy occurs), provided that any officer so elected who is not a member of the committee shall not be entitled to a vote on any question, except the chairman, and then only in case of a tie vote. The tenure of office of the executive committee shall be until the first Monday in May of each election year, at which time the county conventions shall be called together to reorganize the party. Every Presidential election year conventions shall be called by the county executive committee to meet on the first Monday in May, which shall elect delegates to a State convention called for the purpose of electing delegates to the National Democratic Convention and to elect the member of the National Democratic executive committee from this State. The State convention shall be called by the State executive committee to meet every Presidential election year on the third Wednesday in May, and every State election year county and State conventions shall meet on the first Monday in May and the (third Wednesday) in May respectively.

Article V. County Democratic conventions shall be composed of delegates elected by the several local clubs, one delegate for every twenty-five voters, as shown by the poll list made at the preceding first primary election (in an election year and one delegate for a majority fraction thereof), with the right to each county convention to enlarge or diminish the representation according to circumstances. The county conventions shall be called together by the chairman of the respective executive committees under such rule, not inconsistent with the Constitution now in force, as the State executive committee, as each county may adopt, and when assembled shall be called to order by the chairman of the executive committee, and the convention shall proceed to nominate and elect from among its members a president, one or more vice presidents, a secretary and a treasurer. Any county (convention may permit or recognize) may permit the formation of a new club or clubs by a majority of its members. In all cities with a population of 5,000 and over there may be two clubs in each ward; they shall be organized in obedience to this Constitution, as are the clubs elsewhere in this State, and in organizing said clubs they shall have representation in the county conventions respectively as said conventions shall declare in accordance with the provisions of this Constitution.

Article VI. For the purpose of nominating candidates for Governor, Lieutenant Governor and all other State officers, including solicitors in their respective circuits and Congressmen in their respective districts (and United States Senators and all county officers except magistrates), and masters, supervisors of registration, a district primary election shall be held on the last Tuesday in August of each election year, and a second and third primary each two weeks successively thereafter, if necessary. At this election only Democratic white voters who have been residents of the State twelve months and the county sixty days preceding the next general election, and such negroes as voted the Democratic ticket in 1876, and as have voted the Democratic ticket continuously since, to be shown by the certificate of ten white Democratic voters, (who will pledge themselves to support the nominees of such elections, may vote) provided that no person shall be allowed to vote except his name be enrolled on the particular club list at which he offers to vote at least five days before the day of the first election. (Each club shall have a separate polling place for primary elections.) The club rolls of the party shall constitute the registry list and shall be open to inspection by any member of the party, and the election under this clause shall be held and regulated under the Act of the General Assembly of this State, approved December 22, 1888, and any subsequent Acts of the Legislature of this State. The State executive committee shall meet on the Friday after each primary, or such other time as may be designated

by the chairman, to canvass the vote and declare the result as to all State officers, Congressmen and United Senators.

All contests for all nominations at primary elections shall be heard first by the county executive committee of the county in which such irregularities may have occurred, and may be reviewed by the State executive committee, whose action shall be final; provided that no votes shall be counted for any candidate who does not file with the chairman of the State executive committee, or with the respective chairman of the county executive committee, a pledge in writing that he will abide the result of such primary and support the party nominees, and that he is not, nor will he become the candidate for any faction either privately or publicly suggested, other than the regular Democratic nomination; provided further, that no candidate shall be declared nominated until he receives a majority of the votes cast (for the office of which he is a candidate. Provided, That the pledge of such candidate shall be filed on or before the day of the first campaign meeting of the county or State respectively.)

Article VII. The officers of the State convention shall be a president, one vice president from each Congressional district, two secretaries and a treasurer.

Article VIII. The State executive committee shall be composed of one member from each county, to be elected by the county conventions on the first Monday in May of each election year. When elected said executive committee shall choose its own officers, not necessarily members thereof prior to said election. Provided, That any officer so elected who is not a member of the committee shall not be entitled to vote on any question, except the chairman, and then only in case of a tie vote. The State executive committee shall meet at the call of the chairman or any five members, and at such time and place as he or they may appoint. The member of the National Democratic executive committee from South Carolina shall be elected by the May State convention in 1896, and every four years thereafter, and when elected shall be ex officio a member of the State executive committee. Vacancies on said executive committee, by death, resignation or otherwise, shall be filled by the respective county executive committee. The State executive committee is charged with the execution and direction of the policy of the party in this State, subject to this Constitution, the principles declared in the platform of principles, and such instruction, by resolution or otherwise, as a State convention may from time to time adopt, not inconsistent with this Constitution, and shall continue in office for two years from the time of election or until their successors have been elected. (The committee shall nominate Presidential electors and if any vacancy occurs in the State ticket or of electors or of member of the national executive committee by death, resignation or other cause, the committee) shall have the power to fill the vacancy all by majority vote of the whole committee.

Article IX. The vote in the respective counties for all of the State officers, Congressmen, and United States Senator shall be transmitted by the chairman of the respective county executive committees to the chairman of the State executive committee as early as practicable after each primary, who shall proceed to canvass the vote and declare the results.

Article X. When the State convention assemblies it shall be called to order by the chairman of the State executive committee. A temporary chairman shall be nominated and elected by the convention, and after its organization the convention shall proceed immediately to the election of permanent officers and to the transaction of business. When the business has concluded it shall adjourn sine die.

Article XI. Before the election in 1896, and each election thereafter, the State Democratic executive committee shall issue a call to all candidates for State offices to address the people of the different counties of the State, fixing the dates of the meeting, and also inviting the candidates for Congress, United States Senate, and for solicitors, in their respective districts and circuits, to be present and address the people. At such meetings only the candidates above set forth should be allowed to speak.

Article XII. It shall be the duty of each county executive committee to appoint meetings in their respective counties to be addressed by the candidates for the General Assembly and for the different offices, all of whom, except magistrates and supervisors of registration, shall be elected by primary on the last Tuesday in August of each election year under the same rules and regulations hereinbefore provided.

Article XIII. Each county delegation to a State convention shall have power to fill any vacancy therein.

Article XIV. This Constitution may be amended or altered at the regular May convention of the State or at any convention called specifically for that purpose, the call for which shall specify the changes to be made.

Article XV. Any county failing or refusing to organize under the provisions of this constitution shall not have representation in the State Democratic convention.

D. H. TOMPKINS, Chairman.

U. N. GUNTER, Secretary.

Fire and Dynamite.

HABANA, June 3.—The entire town of Habana, near Havana, has been burned by the rebel bands under the command of the insurgent leader Castillo. A party of rebels yesterday placed dynamite bombs upon the railway track near Sabinilla, in the Matanzas province, which were exploded by a regular train containing a number of workmen. The train was completely wrecked. The engineer and several workmen were injured. A band of rebels made an attack upon the town of Santiago las Vegas in the province of Habana today, but were repulsed. The rebel bands under Ansaldo and Rodriguez entered the town of Puerta de la Guira, south of the trocha, yesterday, and set fire to the place, burning every building down.

Fatal Fire in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, June 3.—One woman was killed and another seriously injured by fire at 437 North Sixth street this morning. The building was occupied by four families. Mrs. Elliot jumped to instant death. Mrs. Sullivan was fatally injured and the other escaped on the roof.

SIX SQUARE MILES OF RUIN.

Wrecked Houses in St. Louis Would Line a Street Eighty-five Miles Long.

ST. LOUIS, June 4.—There have been just 85 miles of streets obstructed by debris as a result of the tornado. All of these streets have been made impassable and will be cleaned up in 10 days. In the city there are 490 miles of improved streets, so it can be seen to what extent the tornado interrupted traffic.

The storm district on its outside lines, extend from the river on the east to Tower Grove avenue on the west, and from Olive street on the north to Lynch street on the south. This comprises an area of six square miles. The extreme limits were three miles east and west, and two miles north and south.

An adequate idea of the damage can be formed when it is stated that if all the houses damaged and blown down were on both sides of the one street, that street would be just 85 miles long. The figure is given by the street commissioner who has been through the entire district and from the reports of his general superintendent who has cut a roadway through the 85 miles of streets.

In addition to this, there are many more streets obstructed by wires and the like, which are not counted in the total. It has been feared that a large number of the people now reported missing from East St. Louis found watery graves.

In the light of recent developments it seems as though these fears were not unfounded. For in the past two days, two bodies have been dragged from the Mississippi's waters. The body of an unknown woman was taken from the water near East Carondelet. It still lies unidentified. Tony Messing, who formerly lived at No. 1636 North Nineteenth street, was found in the water near the Pittsburg dyke at the East St. Louis elevator. Messing was employed by the Donk Bros. coal yards and was known to have been near the river front at the time of the storm. It was supposed that he was blown into the river. In addition to this a large number of horses and other animals have been found in the debris which was collected along the bank. A number of these horses were fully harnessed, and as the storm occurred at a time when the river front was crowded with teams going to and coming from St. Louis with the last load for the day, it is thought that a number of the drivers may also have been swept into the stream.

There is no way to fully determine the number of missing.

The Dead Exposition.

Thursday was a special meeting in Columbia of the executive committee of the South Carolina exposition company which had undertaken to secure a first-class exhibit for the State of South Carolina at the Cotton States exposition, but which has now gone by the board. The meeting was for the purpose of seeing what could be done about defraying the expenses of the work already done by the committee. South Carolina, as all know, was the first of the southern States in the field insofar as the actual work of getting up the exhibit was concerned and much had been accomplished in that direction, Commissioner Roche wasting no time.

The committee adopted the following resolutions: Whereas, it has been determined not to hold the Southern States exposition; and

Whereas, certain liabilities have already been incurred by the executive committee, which must be paid, be it, therefore,

Resolved, That for the purpose of meeting and defraying these expenses the commissioners of the respective counties be, and they are hereby requested, to collect the sum of 5 per cent. of the amount originally assessed against their respective counties, and forward the same to W. A. Clark, treasurer of the committee at Columbia, S. C.

Resolved, further, That in cases where commissioners have already forwarded their amount or any portion thereof, the treasurer be authorized to return to the said commissioners the balance remaining of their respective remittances after paying said liabilities.

Egypt Raises More Cotton.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Inspired by the high prices realized by the cotton crop of 1895-96, Egyptian planters have this spring increased the area to the maximum limit permitted by the country's irrigation facilities. Exact figures are not procurable, but it is estimated that the increase of acreage is from 5 to 8 per cent. and that this season's area approximates 1,150,000 acres. The greatest percentage of increase is in the provinces south of Cairo. Conservative forecasters believe the crop will yield 750,000 bales of 750 pounds—being the equivalent of 1,125,000 American bales, and the largest ever raised in the Nile valley. Predicated on the yearly increase of shipments to America, it is probable that the United States will buy 65,000 bales of the Egyptian cotton, equal to about 100,000 bales of American weight. These facts are as reported to the state department by United States Consul General Penfield at Cairo.

Elliott Unseated.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The contested election case of Murray (colored Republican) against Elliott (Dem.) from the Seventh district of South Carolina was decided today in the house the first thing. By a vote of 153 to 33, Murray was declared to be entitled to the seat occupied by Elliott and was sworn in by Speaker Reed amid applause. The case of Martin (Pop.) vs. Lockhart (Dem.) from the Sixth North Carolina district occupied nearly all of the rest of the session and at 5:40 o'clock the house adjourned, with the understanding that a vote should be taken the first thing tomorrow. In this case, also the majority recommended the seating of the contestant (Martin).

Thirty People Drowned.

TAMPA, Fla., June 4.—Cuban circles are agitated here to-night over the arrival of fifty-four members of the Bermuda expedition who came from Sambo Creek, Honduras, via Mobile. This expedition left Jacksonville during the latter part of April. While the crew were disembarking on the Cuban coast, the Bermuda was approached by Spanish warships and had to escape. More than thirty Cubans were drowned during the excitement. Some were safely landed, Szarraga, the commander, landed, but Arenco, second in command, is here.

THE WEATHER AND THE CROPS.

State Observer Bauer's Weekly Bulletin as to their Condition.

COLUMBIA, June 2.—In view of the good rainfall South Carolina has had for some days the following weekly bulletin of the condition of the weather and the crops of the State issued yesterday by State Observer Bauer, will be of special interest to the farmers:

This bulletin covers the weather and crop conditions for the week ending Saturday, May 30, and in its preparation were used reports from one or more correspondents in each county of the State.

WEATHER. The mean temperature during the past week was the same as for the two previous ones, but there was less of an excess over the normal, as the latter increases at the rate of from one to two degrees per week during May and June. Since March 1st the seasonal excess averages about 2.5 degrees per day. The average of 39 places reporting mean temperatures for the past week is 73, and the normal for the same period is approximately 74, having increased from 72 since the previous week.

The mean temperature ranged from 82 at Poverty Hill, Allendale and Greenville to 74 at Greenville. The maximum temperature for the week was 100 on the 26th, reported from Greenville. The minimum was 59 on the 30th at Santuc and Liberty and 60 on the 29th at Society Hill.

Showers occurred in some portions of the State on every day of the week, but as a rule, they were light and local except at a few points where the rainfall was excessive.

On account of the uneven distribution of the rainfall a number of places are represented as needing rain, or more rain, badly. In the southeastern counties where the drought was most severe, light showers gave some relief, and a heavy shower in portions of Beaufort was most beneficial. The following heavy rains were reported: Columbia, 1.96; Beaufort, 1.70; Longshore, 1.70; Loopers, 1.15; McColl, 1.50; Batesburg, 1.38; Cheraw, 2.80. In addition to these there were 11 places that reported amounts between .50 and 1 inch, while 23 places reported some rain, but less than half an inch. The average of 42 reports being .93, and the normal for the same period is approximately 0.93 inch.

There was considerable hail reported, but generally without injury to crops, except that a severe tornadoic storm passed through Newberry county, accompanied by excessive rain. Crops in that path of the storm were severely damaged by hail, wind and rain, some fields of cotton being entirely destroyed. At Longshore, outside the path of the heaviest rainfall, 1.70 inches of rain fell in one hour.

The prevailing winds were westerly for the week, and the sunshine was but little in excess of the usual, ranging from 25 per cent. of the possible at Beaufort to 92 at Greenville, and averaging about 66.

CROPS.

Correspondents' reports for the week range from glowing to gloomy, but the former exceed the latter in about the proportion of three to one. In other words, over three-fourths of the State rainfall has been sufficient for crops during May, while about one-fourth of the State has been too dry, and complaints of dryness come from nearly every county, making it difficult to specify the localities where rain is needed, but generally it is dry in the southeastern counties: Aiken and Edgefield; Laurens and Union and portions of Fairfield, Sumter and Chester. The most glowing crop accounts come from Anderson, Florence, Darlington and Chesterfield and Marlboro. The other counties are spotted.

Corn continues to grow satisfactorily, and laying by is becoming general. Shows effects of bud worms in Barnwell, while badly during the day in Sumter, but its general condition is from fair to excellent. Peas being extensively planted with corn.

The weather has been altogether favorable for cotton, which has generally made marked improvement. Lice have appeared in Barnwell and Orangeburg; cotton is dying on red lands in Laurens, Union and York. It is putting on squares everywhere. Chopping to stands will soon be finished. Replanted cotton is germinating and growing finely. Sea island cotton continues in bad condition for want of rain.

Wheat harvest is general; heads small, but heavy. Fall oats are being cut and housed; yield poor, but quality fair. Spring oats generally a failure.

Tobacco growing well generally, with exceptions. Contemplated area restricted, owing to scarcity of plants. Abandoned tobacco lands being planted to corn and cotton.

Rice doing well generally except upland, which in places has a poor stand.

Cane and melons are reported as doing well. Gardens very poor, for the most part complete failures. Irish potatoes very poor, sweet potatoes doing well; still being transplanted and in Edgefield are being watered. Draws are plentiful. Cut worms are damaging cabbages in Florence.

Peaches continue to drop, and the peach crop will be a light one of inferior quality. Peaches ripening and being shipped to northern markets. Apples dropping and rotting on trees. Pear blight reported from Pickens county. The prospect for fruit is generally poor. Blackberries and huckleberries generally plentiful.

The season and crops in general are about two weeks earlier than usual.

Murdered a German Officer.

LONDON, June 3.—The Globe publishes a dispatch from Shanghai which says that since the return of Viceroy Liu Kun Yih of Nankin, the German officers who were sent to China by Germany to drill the Chinese troops, have been repeatedly insulted, hope being entertained that they would resign the insult by resigning. This practice not having the desired result, the Chinese have resorted to violence, ending in the murder of a German officer named Kraus by the Hunan body guard of the viceroy, and the German squadron has been ordered to proceed to Nankin forthwith. It is believed, the dispatch says, that all of the German officers in the Chinese service will resign.

Miners Killed.

PARIS, June 3.—A dispatch from Nimes in the department of Gard, says that an explosion of gas occurred in the Fontaine mine, near Rochelle, yesterday killing 25 miners.

The Law Unconstitutional.

CHARLESTON, June 4.—Judge Simonton declared in his opinion filed today that so much of the dispensary law which refers to the seizing, testing and confiscation of liquors, ordered for personal consumption by the residents of this State, is in conflict with the Constitution of the United States, and is therefore null and void. He holds that a resident has the right to order his liquor from beyond the State, and to receive it without having it interfered with in any manner. The opinion is a lengthy and exhaustive legal document. It fully covers the subject matter which has been in dispute. The greater portion of the opinion deals with the section of the law referring to the testing of liquors, and, as stated above, Judge Simonton denies the validity of such testing. He considers it a burden on commerce. Judge Simonton shows that the provisions of the law are directed towards giving the State a monopoly of the liquor trade. In conclusion, he states: "The present act gives to certain persons, the board of control, the sole power of purchasing and importing into this State an article recognized as an article of commerce. The monopoly is invested in them by provisions of such stringency and secured by such extraordinary sanctions that every other person of this State and all citizens of other States are absolutely deprived of competition with them. Thus the products, as well as the citizens of other States, are discriminated against, and interstate commerce is destroyed."

A Tragic End.

NEWPORT, N. H., June 4.—Mr. Austin Corbin and his nephew, Corbin Edgell, with Dr. Paul Kunzier and Coachman John Stokes, started on a fishing trip about 3 o'clock this afternoon. On going out of the yard at the farm house the horses shied, tipping over the open carriage, throwing the occupants down an embankment about eight feet against a stone wall. The family saw the accident from the piazza and hurried to his assistance with the farm help. The entire party were found to be seriously hurt. The coachman was unconscious and remained so until 6 o'clock, when he died. Mr. Corbin was conscious, but was so terribly injured that he died at 9:42 tonight. Dr. Kunzier was thrown over the wall and sustained a broken arm and sprained ankle so far as known, and Corbin Edgell had his leg twice broken between the knee and ankle. Stokes's skull was fractured. Mr. Corbin's injuries consisted of a compound fracture of the right leg above and below the knee, a fearful scalp wound over four inches long on the forehead, cut through to the skull, one on the right side of the head three inches long, and the lip and chin cut badly. The cause of the team shying is said to have been that the coachman was driving them without blinders for the first time.

Another Advance Made.

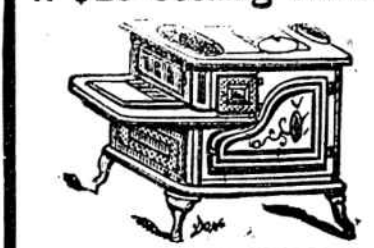
The Keeley cure has been introduced into the St. Agnes Hospital, Baltimore, Md. The good Sisters realize that in the Keeley cure is found the only hope for those addicted to the liquor and morphine habits, and have made a contract with the Keeley Institute of Maryland by which the Keeley treatment shall be administered at their hospital by regular physicians instructed by Dr. Keeley. This is another argument proving that the Sisters of Charity occupy the front place in the care of the diseased and in the service of suffering humanity. The treatment was adopted four years ago by the United States government and is used at the National home. Proving so efficacious the treatment is now given at Fort Leavenworth Post, to the officers and enlisted men of the regular army. During the past two years the States of Maryland, Minnesota, Colorado, Louisiana, North Dakota, Wisconsin and others have by legislative enactments provided that indigent liquor and morphine habits be given the treatment.

The Keeley Institute of South Carolina continues its good work at Columbia, and any information desired may be had by addressing that institute or drawer 27.

Fatal Runaway.

GUYTON, Ga., June 4.—Sheriff H. U. Jaudon's horse became unmanageable yesterday afternoon and ran away. The road cart was upset by coming in contact with a wagon and the sheriff was thrown out violently against a tree, which broke his jaw in several places and knocked nearly all of the flesh from one side of his face. Medical attention was given him at once and it was thought that his injuries would not prove fatal, but he died today at 1 o'clock.

A \$25 Cooking Stove



WITH A COMPLETE OUTFIT FOR ONLY \$12.00.

Delivered to your railroad depot, all freight charges paid. Read this description carefully. This splendid Cooking Stove is No. 8; has four 8 inch pot holes; 16x18 inch oven; 18 inch fire box, 24 inches high; 21x21 inch top; nice smooth casting. I have had this stove made for my trial after my own idea, combining all the good points of all medium priced stoves, and leaving out the objectionable features.

Beyond all doubt the best No. 8 Cooking Stove made, for the price. Fitted with 2 pots, 2 pot covers, 3 skillets, 2 griddles, 3 baking pans, 3 joints of pipe, 1 yellow, 1 collar, 1 lifter, 1 scraper, 1 cake polish, 1 iron tea kettle, 1 shovel. We want to make customers and friends in every part of the South, for the purpose of introducing our business to new people, and to renew our acquaintance with old friends.

We will ship this splendid Cooking Stove and the above described ware to any depot, all freight charges paid, for only \$12.00 when the cash comes with the order. This stove is a good one, well made, and will give entire satisfaction. Our illustrated catalogue of Furniture, Stoves and Baby Carriages mailed free. Address

J. F. FADGETT,

840 BROAD STREET, AUGUSTA, GA.

Congressman Stokes Unseated.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—This was "suspension" day in the House and a number of minor bills were passed under suspension of the rules. The Johnson-Stokes election contest, from the Seventh District of South Carolina, was the first business. Mr. McColl of Massachusetts, chairman of the election committee, made a motion to reconsider the vote of Friday, by which the House refused to adopt the minority report that Johnston was elected. The motion was passed without division. Then he offered a substitute that there was no valid election and that neither Johnston nor Stokes was entitled to the seat and on a rising vote the substitute was adopted by the narrow margin of one, the result being yeas 104, nays 103. On the yeas and nays vote the substitute was adopted—130-125. Its effect is to declare the seat vacant. Those voting for the substitute were 72 Democrats, 53 Republicans and 5 Populists. Those opposed were all Republicans.

The trustworthy cure for the Whiskey, Opium, Morphine and Tobacco Habits. For further information address The Keeley Institute, or Drawer 27, Columbia, S. C.

IN A GREAT MEASURE

People have to depend on the word of the dealer as to the quality of groceries. It is very easy to make the price cheap at the expense of the quality—Easy to hide the cheat, too. Only safe way is to deal at a reliable house, such as ours is.

We call attention to the few items below.

These are our Retail prices: WELCH & EASON "PERFECTION" FLOUR, Finest Flour Made, Barrels \$4.75, Half Barrels \$2.50. WELCH & EASON'S "BEAUTY" FLOUR, Next Best Grade, \$4.50 barrel.

Choice Family Flour \$4.25 barrel. HAVE YOU EVER SEEN SUCH PRICES BEFORE?

Best Leaf Lard, 50 pound cans, 6 1/2c pound. Best Leaf Lard, 20 pound cans, 7c pound. Best Leaf Lard, 10 pound cans, 8c pound. Compound Lard, 50 pound cans, 6 1/2c pound. Compound Lard, 20 pound cans, 6 1/2c pound. Compound Lard, 10 pound cans, 7c pound.

IN RICE

WE ARE HEADQUARTERS. We have it at 2 1/2c, 2 3/4c, 3c, 3 1/2c, 4c and 5c pound in any quantity less than a barrel. Samples mailed free on application.

COFFEES

We have all grades at 18c, 20c, 22c, 25c and 30c pound to suit all lovers of a good cup of coffee.

TEAS

Green and Black at 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00 per pound.

Granulated Sugar

Best quality in 100 pound sacks at 5 1/2c pound by the sack or 5 1/2c pound in smaller quantities. Second quality, and very nice, in 100 pound sacks at 5 1/2c pound by the sack or 5 3/4c pound in smaller quantities.

Cheap Biscuits

By the Box ONLY of 20 to 25 pounds. Ginger Snaps..... 4 1/2c pound. Lemon-Sweet..... 5 1/2c pound. Nic Nacs-sweet..... 5 1/2c pound. Soda XXX-plain..... 4 1/2c pound. Plantation..... 6 1/2c pound. Finest Vanilla..... 6 1/2c pound. Lunch Mils..... 7c pound. We have the largest and most varied assortment of canned goods, etc., to be had in the South. Get a copy of our Price List and peruse it carefully—you'll then find it to your advantage to send us your orders. One order will make you a customer of ours. Our guarantee stands behind everything we send out and we live up to it in every instance. Your money isn't our money until you are pleased.

WELCH & EASON, UNIVERSAL PROVIDERS, 185 and 187 Meeting and 117 Market Sts., CHARLESTON, S. C.

SPRING Announcement OF NEW GOODS

AT "THE HUB"

1439 and 1443 Main Street, COLUMBIA, SO. CA.

OUR LINE OF NEW SPRING GOODS ARE NOW BEING OPENED AND COMPRISE A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, SHOES, HATS, FURNISHING

GOODS, CARPETS, RUGS AND MATTINGS.

We invite all close buyers to visit our large stores or write to us for samples.

All goods ordered of us amounting to over ten dollars will be delivered free of charge inside of the State. Our stock consists of every price and quality you may desire in our different lines. Write us for quotations. Very respectfully,

"THE HUB,"

OPPOSITE GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL.

COLUMBIA, S. C.

In these days of
TALL TALK
Actual Achievements often seem to be a bit of a mystery, but after all ACTUAL ACHIEVEMENTS are the only things that count.
It is easy to talk in General Terms about the merits of FLANAGAN, but the more specific—
THE MATHUSHEK
The Great Southern Favorite.
Established 25 years. \$5.00 now in use by us for 25 years. Note Good Value. Patented Improvements.
Patent Repeating Action. Patent Sounding Board. Patent Tuning Pin. Patent Improved Agraffes. Patent Soft Stop.
One of the only two Flutes made complete every part in its own factory. One of the best made in the U. S. Sold lower than any other High Grade Flute. Try profit only from maker to purchaser. **WALTON & CO.**
LUDDEN & BATES,
SAVANNAH, GA.

Delightful Results.

LETTER FROM JUDGE BALDWIN, OF MADISON, GA.

Dr. W. F. FINE, Thomson, Ga.

Dear Sir:—After having sought in vain for various remedies for the time of woman I tried your Catamenial Pills with most satisfactory and delightful results. It is pleasant to take assurances from a physician without suspicion. No pains should be without it during the troubling period and once tried, for it is indeed a magic medicine for women. Very respectfully,
JUDGE A. W. BALDWIN.

For sale by

THE MURRAY DRUG CO.,

Columbia, S. C.

There is no

Preparation that can compare with Wilson's Life for the Liver and Kidneys, in the mildness of its effects, in the relief and cure of Dyspepsia and Indigestion, and all their attending ills such as sick headache, sour stomach, want of appetite, etc., and as a regulator in Habitual Constipation. A few doses will tell something of its merits. No need of a long continued course before its benefits become apparent.
TRY IT, AND BE CONVINCED.
Sole wholesale by

The Murray Drug Co.,

COLUMBIA, S. C.

MACHINERY.

ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW MILLS, CORN MILLS, ROLLER MILLS, BRICK MACHINES, PLANING MACHINES, and all kinds of millwright machinery. Also Shuffling, P. lines, B. lines, etc. I am the General Agent for

TALBOT & SONS